

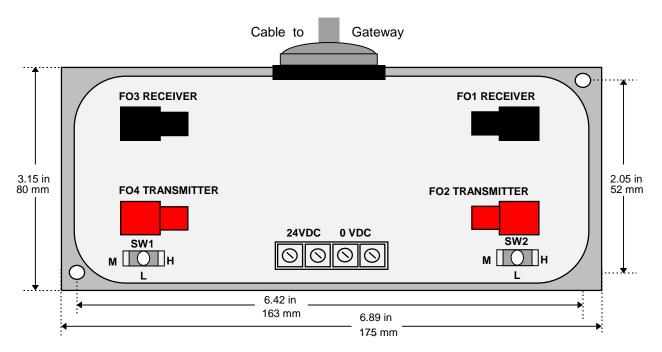
L5206-2-01 LINK Gateway Repeater

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The L5206-2-01 LINK Gateway Repeater receives and retransmits data between the LINK fiber optic network and all LINK Gateways. The gateway is connected via a shielded cable (CM350901) to the repeater's DB25 connector. The L5206-2-01 behaves identically to a simple repeater when the gateway is absent. When a gateway is connected to the repeater, network data is routed through the gateway to include it in the LINK network ring.

The *LINK* Repeater is housed in a NEMA 4 enclosure suitable for mounting outside equipment enclosures or in unprotected environments.

The L5206-2-01 supports the transmission of two *LINK* channels. Either a primary and secondary channel pair, or two discrete primary channels may be retransmitted.



TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

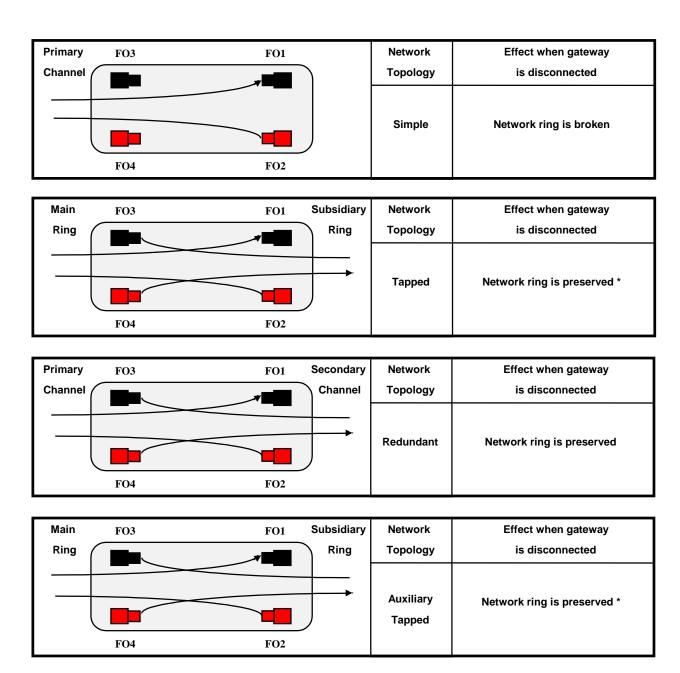
IECHNICAL SPEC	AFICATIONS		
Environmental		Fiber Optic Channels	
Operating temperature	0°C to 50°C	Transmission Distance	Selected by toggle switches. SW1 controls FO4 transmitter and SW2 controls FO2 transmitter
Storage temperature	-10 °C to +70 °C	Transmitter and SVV2 controls (OZ 110	Transmitter and 3442 comfors 1 Oz Transmitter
Humidity	85% R.H. in a dry, non-condensing environment	LOW (center position)	up to 66 feet (20 meters)
Enclosure Rating	NEMA 4, IP-66	MEDIUM (left position) HIGH (right position)	66 to 131 feet (20 to 40 meters) 131 to 197 feet (40 to 60 meters)
Supply Voltage	20 to 28 VDC (24VDC nominal)	Height	6.89 inches (175 mm)
Supply Vollage	2010 28 VDC (24 VDC (1011111101)	Width	3.15 inches (80 mm)
Current Consumption	55 mA maximum	D. il	
Power Dissipation	1.5 Watts maximum	Depth	2.32 inches (59 mm)
Power Terminals	14 to 22 gauge (0.5 to 1.5 mm²) wire size	Weight	1.35 lbs (0.61 kg)



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CONNECTION DIAGRAMS

The fiber optic cable connections for each channel are shown below. Note that the arrow denotes the direction of transmission in the fiber, from transmitter to receiver. Each channel is completely independent and hence, can be used either as a primary or a secondary channel.



^{*} NOTE. Losing a fiber optic signal at either receiver breaks both rings.